



## Staff Selection Commission

### Data Entry 2010 (Solved Paper).

1. The number of Anglo-Indians who can be nominated by the President to the Lok Sabha is :  
(A) 2 | (B) 3 | (C) 4 | (D) 5
2. The sanctioned strength of the Judges of Supreme Court of India including the Chief Justice is :  
(A) 15 | (B) 17 | (C) 20 | (D) 26
3. Who was the first President of India to be elected unopposed?  
(A) Dr. S. Radhakrishana | (B) N. Sanjiva Reddy | (C) V. V. Giri | (D) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
4. The maximum strength of the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha is :  
(A) 525 and 250 | (B) 552 and 250 | (C) 535 and 275 | (D) 500 and 250
5. If the Vice-president were to submit his resignation, he would notify to :  
(A) The President of India | (B) The Prime Minister  
(C) The Chief Justice of India | (D) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
6. What is the minimum strength of a State Legislative Assembly?  
(A) 40 | (B) 60 | (C) 50 | (D) 70
7. India is the third developing country to host the 2010 commonwealth Games. The other two are :  
(A) Malaysia and South Korea | (B) Singapore and Jamaica  
(C) Jamaica & China | (D) Malaysia & Jamaica
8. The Comptroller and Auditor General of India is appointed by the :  
(A) Prime Minister of India | (B) President of India | (C) Finance Minister | (D) Lok Sabha
9. Article 370 of the Indian constitution deals with :  
(A) The Emergency Powers of the President  
(B) The special position of the state of Jammu and Kashmir  
(C) The power of the President to seek the advisory opinion of the Supreme Court on any matter of public importance  
(D) Distribution of taxes between the Centre and the State
10. The Supreme commander of the Defence Forces of India is : (A) The Defence Minister | (B) The Prime Minister  
(C) The Chief of the Army Staff | (D) The President of India

11. Which of the following rivers flows through a rift valley?

(A) Kaveri | (B) Krishna | (C) Tapi | (D) Godavari

12. The Manas Wildlife Sanctuary is located in the state of : (A) Assam | (B) Uttar Pradesh | (C) Rajasthan | (D) West Bengal

13. How many major ports are there at present in India?

(A) 8 | (B) 12 | (C) 15 | (D) 14

14. The earth revolves round the sun and its causes :

(A) Differences in longitude and time | (B) Changes of seasons

(C) Deflection of winds and currents | (D) Formation of day and night

15. Latitude of a point on the earth is measured by the distance in :

(A) Kilometres from the Equator | (B) Angles from the Equator (C) Angles from the Poles | (D) None of the above

16. The earth is :

(A) Spherical | (B) Elliptical | (C) Oblate Spheroid | (D) Prolate Spheroid

17. Day and Night are equal at the :

(A) Equator | (B) Poles | (C) Prime Meridian | (D) Antarctic

18. The heaviest planet revolving round the sun is :

(A) Moon | (B) Jupiter | (C) Neptune | (D) Pluto

19. The biggest Planet is :

(A) Venus | (B) Mars | (C) Mercury | (D) Jupiter

20. The International Date line passes through :

(A) Exactly through 180° Longitude | (B) Equator

(C) Approximately 180° east or west meridian | (D) 0° Meridian

21. The largest river of Asia is :

(A) Yangtze | (B) Yenisei | (C) Indus | (D) Mekong

22. Which country is called the 'Sugar Bowl' of the world? (A) Cuba | (B) India | (C) Nepal | (D) Norway

23. Which of the following countries has the largest area in the world?

(A) USA | (B) Russia | (C) Canada | (D) China

24. The world's highest waterfall, the Angel Falls is situated in : (A) Venezuela | (B) USA | (C) Guyana | (D) Australia

25. The universe is composed of :

(A) Earth | (B) Earth and the Sun | (C) Matter | (D) None

26. The Temperate Grasslands of South America are called : (A) Pampas | (B) Steppes | (C) Savanna | (D) Evergreen grasslands

27. Rial is the currency of :

(A) Romania | (B) Iran | (C) Japan | (D) Libya

28. New Moore island is situated in the :

(A) Indian Ocean | (B) Bay of Bengal | (C) Arabian Sea | (D) China Sea

29. Which river in the world carries the maximum volume of water?

(A) Amazon | (B) Nile | (C) Mississippi Missouri | (D) Ganga

30. Which of the following rivers crosses the equator twice? (A) Amazon | (B) Nile | (C) Congo | (D) Orinoco

31. The Indus Valley civilization is associated with :

(A) Egyptians | (B) Sumerians | (C) Chinese | (D) Mesopotamians

32. The Indus Valley Civilization was famous for :

(A) Well planned cities | (B) Efficient civic organisation | (C) Progress of art and architecture | (D) All the above

33. Who was mainly worshiped in the Rig Vedic Period?

(A) Indra | (B) Vishnu | (C) Shiva | (D) Trimurti

34. Who is regarded as the great law-giver of ancient India? (A) Panini | (B) Manu | (C) Kautilya | (D) Dhruv

35. Which of the following is the oldest Veda?

(A) Samaveda | (B) Rigveda | (C) Yajurveda | (D) Atharvaveda

36. Who among the following was called Light of Asia? (A) Mahavira | (B) Buddha | (C) Akbar | (D) Ashoka

37. Who was the founder of the Gupta dynasty?

(A) Sri Gupta | (B) Chandragupta II | (C) Samudragupta | (D) Kumargupta

38. The Upanishads are :

(A) A source of Hindu philosophy | (B) Books of Ancient Hindu laws | (C) Books on social behaviour of man | (D) Prayers to God

49. The biggest mosque of India was built by :

(A) Aurangzeb | (B) Shahjahan | (C) Akbar | (D) Jahangir

50. The first Battle of Panipat was fought between :

(A) Sher Shah Suri and Akbar | (B) Humayun and Ibrahim Lodhi

(C) Babar and Ibrahim Lodhi | (D) Babar and Ranasanga